

Safety and Efficacy of Doravirine plus TAF/FTC/BICTEGRAVIR in Heavily Pretreated Patients

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Background: Doravirine (DOR) is a versatile antiretroviral drug that may be used in combination beyond standard triple therapy.

Material and Methods: ongoing, retrospective-prospective analyses to evaluate the safety and efficacy of DOR plus TAF/FTC/BIC started between November 2022 and July 2024 in 26 HIV patients attended at an HIV Outpatient clinic from a tertiary hospital in Madrid, Spain, due to viral failure, drug interactions or optimization.

Baseline Features (N=26)

Age (years, median, range)	58 (35-77)
Male Sex (N, %)	17 (65)
White (N, %)	19 (73)
AIDS (N, %)	11 (42)
MSM HIV Risk Factor (N, %)	13 (50)
Years on ART (median, range)	25 (1-32)
Number of prior ART lines (median, range)	10 (1-40)
CD4 count (cells/ml; median, range)	567 (119-1398)
Detectable HIV RNA (N, %)	19 (73)
-HIV RNA (log ₁₀ copies/ml; median, range)	1.83 (1.57-2.90)
Prior NNRTI experience (N, %)	20 (77)
- EFV	13 (50)
- NVP	13 (50)
- ETRA	6 (23)
- RPV	5 (19)
- More than one	12 (46)
- Failure on NNRTI	10 (38)
- Evidence of resistance to NNRTIs	7 (27)

Prior ART (N, %)	14 (54)
- INSTI-based	10
*BIC/TAF/FTC	1
*Long-acting C/R	11 (42)
- INSTI+b/PI	3
- MRV use	8
- more than 3 ARV drugs in previous regimen	
Reason for change to DOR+BIC/TAF/FTC (N, %)	
- Virological Failure	19 (73)
- Toxicity	1 (4)
- Optimization	4 (15)
- Drug interactions	2 (8)
Comorbidities (%)	86
- Hypertension	50
- Dyslipidemia	46
- Diabetes	11
- Cancer	11
* More than one in 15 subjects (58%)	
Baseline BMI (median, range)	25 (16-34)
GFR (ml/min; median, range)	88 (36-128)

Outcomes (N=26)

Time on DOR/BIC/TAF/FTC (overall cohort) (weeks, median, range)	69 (6-94)
DOR/BIC/TAF/FTC withdrawal	6 (23)
Time on DOR/BIC/TAF/FTC in patients with withdrawal (weeks, median, range)	51 (14-76)
Reasons for withdrawal (N)	6
- Viral failure with successful change to LA C/R	2
- Change to LA C/R with undetectable HIV RNA	2
- Simplification to BIC/LENA in clinical trial (ARTISTRY)	1
- Death due to urothelial cancer	1
Efficacy	4 (15)
- Virological failure (N,%)	
* Two subjects maintained therapy despite detectable HIV RNA with last values of 1.91 and 3.29 Log respectively	
Safety	- NO WITHDRAWALS DUE TO SAFETY ISSUES

LA C/R: long-acting cabotegravir plus rilpivirin;
BIC/LENA: coformulated oral bicitgravir/lenacapavir

Features and Outcomes in Patients with Resistance Mutations and/or Baseline Detectable HIV RNA

	Archived Mutations	DOR	FTC	TDF	INSTI	Prior ART	Baseline HIV RNA	Last HIV RNA		Archived Mutations	DOR	FTC	TDF	INSTI	Prior ART	Baseline HIV RNA	Last HIV RNA	
P1	M41L, E44D, D67N, L74V, L100I, K103N, V118I, L210W, T215Y, K219N	Intermediate R	Low level R	High level R	S	c/EVG/FTC plus DRV plus MRV	1.88 Log	<1.30 Log 76w		P8	NO	S	S	S	BIC/TAF/FTC	2.04 Log	1.43 Log* 61w	
P2	M41L, E44D, K55T, D67N, S68C, K101E, V118I	Potential low level R	S	Potential low level R	S	c/DRV/TAF/FTC plus DTG	1.83 Log	<1.30 Log 93w		P9	NO	S	S	S	BIC/TAF/FTC	1.96 Log	<1.30 Log 89w	
P3	M41L, E44A, D67G, L74V, V118I, M184V, L210W, T215Y, K219D, V90I, L100I, K103N	Intermediate R	High level R	High level R	S	c/EVG/FTC plus DRV	<1.30 Log Optimization	<1.30 Log 90w		P10	NO	S	S	S	c/DRV plus BIC/TAF/FTC	1.59 Log	<1.30 Log 85w	
8p4	E138A, T97A in INSTI*	S	S	S	BIC S	c/DRV/TAF/FTC plus DRV plus MRV	2.90 Log	1.65 Log 79w		P11	NO	S	S	S	BIC/TAF/FTC	2.61 Log	<1.30 Log 77w	
P5	M41L, D67N/S, L210W, T215Y, A98S	S	Low level R	High level R	S	RTV/DRV plus DTG	1.73 Log	<1.30 Log 72w		P12	NO	S	S	S	DTG/RPV	1.57 Log	<1.30 Log* 51w	
P6	M41R, T69D, M184I, V118I, Y181C	S	High level R	S	S	c/DRV/TAF/FTC plus DTG	1.70 Log	<1.30 Log 56w		P13	NO	S	S	S	BIC/TAF/FTC	1.61 Log	<1.30 Log* 14w	
P7	M41L, T69I, L74V, M184V, L210W, T215Y, Y181C, G190A, A98G, K101Q	Intermediate R	High level R	High level R	S	RTV/DRV plus DTG	<1.30 Log Severe lipodystrophy	<1.30 Log 6w		P14	NO	S	S	S	BIC/TAF/FTC	2.30 Log	<1.30 Log 66w	
										P15	NO	S	S	S	BIC/TAF/FTC	1.80 Log	<1.30 Log 64w	
										P16	NO	S	S	S	BIC/TAF/FTC	1.82 Log	<1.30 Log 62w	
										P17	D67N, K70R, V90I, T215Y	S	S	Low level R	S	BIC/TAF/FTC	2.15 Log	1.91 Log 51w
										P18	NO	S	S	S	LA C/R	2.66 Log	<1.30 Log 43w	
										P19	NO	S	S	S	BIC/TAF/FTC	1.74 Log	<1.30 Log 8w	
										P20	NO	S	S	S	BIC/TAF/FTC	1.96 Log	<1.30 Log 90w	
										P21	NO	S	S	S	DTG/RPV	1.77 Log	<1.88 Log* 51w	

*Patient with archived PRO mutations (NSM);
*BIC/CAB/DTG S; EVG/RAL potential low-level resistance
DRV-S: cabi/DRV added to DOR/BIC/TAF/FTC after 49w due to viral rebound (5,7 Log) due to treatment discontinuation. Patient with intermittent adherence issues
According to Stanford University HIV Drug Resistance Database

* Change to LA C/R

Conclusions

The use of DOR plus TAF/FTC/BIC in heavily pretreated patients was safe –no withdrawals due to toxicity- and led to undetectable HIV RNA in 79% of patients with prior viral failure.